COURSE #	SLO		FA 2015	Spr 2016	FA 2016	Spr 2017	FA 2017	Spr 2018	FA 2018	Spr 2019	FA 2019	Spr 2020	FA 2020	Spr 2021
RESP 105	1	Given a patient scenario, the student will assess the specific obstructive disease with which the patient presents and select the appropriate therapy to evaluate tissue oxygenation and cellular homeostasis.				Fall 201 0								
	2	Given patient scenarios, the student will compare and / or contrast obstructive or restrictive pulmonary disease.				Fall 201 0								
RESP 108	1	Evaluate and recommend specific respiratory modalities appropriate to meet a patient's needs given a patient scenario.				Fall 201 0								
RESP 112	1	Diagram the sequential progression of a disease entity, identifying problems specific to their respective patient and choose laboratory data to confirm or deny the existence of their identified current problem.		Fall 200 9										
	2	Given the history, signs, symptoms, radiological findings, and current chest assessment, the student will gather the additional clinical information and suggest decisions regarding the management of their respective patients.		Fall 200 9										
	3	Given a critically ill ventilator patient, the student will graph the admission pathophysiology, collect relevant clinical data, perform the appropriate calculations to assess the current extent of the patient's disease, to confirm or deny the existence of problems, to ascertain the appropriate patient management.		Fall 200 9										

		FA 2015	Spr 2016	FA 2016	Spr 2017	FA 2017	Spr 2018	FA 2018	Spr 2019	FA 2019	Spr 2020	FA 2020	Spr 2021
							Fall						
	Recommend the appropriate cardio-respiratory						201						
1	drugs for treatment given a patient scenario.						1						
	Given patient laboratory data, distinguish normal			Spri									
	·			ng									
1	·			'10									
	•												
				Spri									
				ng									
1	ventilation Devices			'10									
		ΔSP											
1	•	1											
		7.0.11											
	Given the history, signs, symptoms, radiological												
	_												
	_	ΛCD											
2		·											
	their respective patients.	AAN											
	Given a critically ill ventilator patient, the student												
	•												
3		×											
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	1 1 2	Diagram the sequential progression of a disease entity, identifying problems specific to their respective patient and choose laboratory data to confirm or deny the existence of their identified 1 current problem. Given the history, signs, symptoms, radiological findings, and current chest assessment, the student will gather the additional clinical information and suggest decisions regarding the management of 2 their respective patients.	Given patient laboratory data, distinguish normal and abnormal values and interpret these results 1 relating it to patient care. Accuratery describe the fleed for mechanical ventilation including the basic terms and concepts. Appropriately identify and describe the specific components and operation of the following ventilators: Servo 300; Servo I; Puritan Bennett 840; Drager Ventilators; Hamilton Galileo; BiLevel 1 ventilation Devices Diagram the sequential progression of a disease entity, identifying problems specific to their respective patient and choose laboratory data to confirm or deny the existence of their identified ASP, 1 current problem. Given the history, signs, symptoms, radiological findings, and current chest assessment, the student will gather the additional clinical information and suggest decisions regarding the management of ASP, 2 their respective patients. Given a critically ill ventilator patient, the student will graph the admission pathophysiology, collect relevant clinical data, perform the appropriate calculations to assess the current extent of the patient's disease, to confirm or deny the existence of problems, to ascertain the appropriate patient 3 management. ANEST. 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SIO		EA 2015	Spr 2016	EA 2016	Spr 2017	EA 2017	Spr 2018	EA 2018	Spr 2010	EA 2010	Spr 2020	EA 2020	Spr 2021
			Эр і 2010	TA 2010	Эрі 2017	TA 2017	Эрі 2018	TA 2018	Эрі 2019	TA 2013	эр г 2020	TA 2020	Эрг 2021
2	Describe the structure and function of components typically found on an anesthesia machine. Demonstrate the correct use of artificial airway												
1	Describe the fundamental structure and function prescribed systems within the human body as related to anesthesia technology.						x						
2											x		
3	positioning in relation to its effect on anatomical												х
1									х				
	Demonstrate correct body mechanics related to										х		
3	ANEST. TECH ON HIATUS- SLOS WILL BE ASSESSED WHEN OFFERED NEXT												X
1	Demonstrate prescribed standards in patient care techniques used in the operating room. Distinguish between and describe the role of prescribed noninvasive, invasive, and ultrasound monitoring procedures used during the												
	2 3 3 1 2 3	Define specified terminology related to the scope of practice of anesthesia technology. Describe the structure and function of components typically found on an anesthesia machine. Demonstrate the correct use of artificial airway devices and intubation equipment. Describe the fundamental structure and function prescribed systems within the human body as related to anesthesia technology. Compare and contrast "normal" vs. "abnormal" anatomy and describe appropriate modifications to 2 anesthesia techniques. Describe the importance of correct patient positioning in relation to its effect on anatomical and physiological impairment. Define the role of the anesthesia technician in relation to other members of the operating room 1 team. Demonstrate the principles of universal precautions and aseptic technique. Demonstrate correct body mechanics related to 3 patient positioning. ANEST. 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COURSE #	SLO		FΔ 2015	Spr 2016	FΔ 2016	Spr 2017	FΔ 2017	Snr 2018	FΔ 2018	Spr 2019	FΔ 2019	Snr 2020	FΔ 2020	Spr 2021	,
COOKSE #		Compare and contrast normal parameters of hemodynamic waveforms displayed during anesthesia and surgical procedures.	TA 2013	3pr 2010	TA 2010	3pr 2017	17.2017	3pr 2010	TA 2010	Spi 2013	TA 2013	3pr 2020	TA 2020	5pi 2021	
RESP 145	1	Describe and apply prescribed standards in patient care techniques in the operating room.									х				
	2	Correctly assemble supplies for prescribed noninvasive and invasive monitoring techniques. Differentiate between prescribed clinical applications of vascular access devices and											х		
	3	techniques. ANEST. TECH ON HIATUS- SLOS WILL BE													x
		ASSESSED WHEN OFFERED NEXT													
RESP 146	1	Define prescribed terminology as related to classes, dosage, measurement and route of administration of prescribed drugs and anesthetic agents.													
	2	Compare and contrast the physiological effects of prescribed classes of anesthetic agents.													
	3	Identify evidence based methods of quality control for reducing medication errors in accordance with FDA regulations and Joint Commission standards.													
		ANEST. TECH ON HIATUS- SLOS WILL BE ASSESSED WHEN OFFERED NEXT													
RESP 147	1	Analyze and distinguish normal parameters of laboratory values associated with hematology, blood chemistry, and acid-base balance.													
	2	Define the role of crystalloids, colloids, and blood components related to acid-base balance, tissue oxygenation, fluid and electrolyte balance, clotting mechanisms, and immune response.													

COURSE #	SLO		FA 2015	Spr 2016	FA 2016	Spr 2017	FA 2017	Spr 2018	FA 2018	Spr 2019	FA 2019	Spr 2020	FA 2020	Spr 2021	i i
	3	Define the theoretical concepts of autologous blood collection and delivery and intra-aortic balloon pump therapy.													ļ
RESP 148	1	Assemble prescribed equipment and describe the steps to setup, calibrate, and troubleshoot instrument malfunctions and alarms.									SU M 201 3				
	2	Set up intravenous lines, fluid management devices, and hemodynamic pressure transducers for application by the operating room staff.											SU M 201 4		i •
	3	Describe the airway management, vascular access, and monitoring needs of the high acuity patient undergoing anesthesia.													SU M 20 5
RESP 150	1	Recommend appropriate respiratory care techniques for neonates with varying dysfunctions or disorders given a patient scenario.					Spri ng '11								
RESP 198	1	Students will be able to recognize essential discipline skills and content and apply them to a related course								Fall 201 2					·
RESP 199	1	Complete individual study, research, or projects in education										Fall 201 3			ļ
	2	Participate in conference sessions with the instructor of record										Fall 201 3			

COURSE #	slo 3	Develop the skills necessary to work independently (including self-monitoring, time management, and resource acquisition).	FA 2015	Spr 2016	FA 2016	Spr 2017	FA 2017	Spr 2018	FA 2018	Spr 2019	FA 2019	Fall 201 3	FA 2020	Spr 2021
RESP 200 A- C	1	Organize a typical patient workload in the hospital setting.									Spri ng '13			
RESP 201	1	Given a patient scenario, the student will assess the specific obstructive disease with which the patient presents and select the appropriate therapy to evaluate tissue oxygenation and cellular homeostasis.						Fall 201 1						
	2	Given patient scenarios, the student will compare and / or contrast obstructive or restrictive pulmonary disease.						Fall 201 1						
RESP 202 A- C	1	Organize a typical patient workload in the hospital setting							Spri ng '12					
RESP 205	1	Given patient scenarios, the student will assess the specific obstructive disease with which the patient presents and select the appropriate therapy to evaluate tissue oxygenation and cellular homeostasis.			Spri ng '10									
	2	Given patient scenarios, the student will compare and/or contrast Acute Respiratory Failure versus Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome.			Spri ng '10									
RESP 208	1	Determine the settings needed to accomplish minute volume and oxygenation in advance/complex modes of ventilation.				Fall 201 0								

COURSE #	SLO		FA 2015	Spr 2016	FΔ 2016	Snr 2017	FΔ 2017	Spr 2018	FΔ 2018	Spr 2019	FΔ 2019	Spr 2020	FA 2020	Spr 2021
COURSE #	Describe the princip	es of pressure and flow e principle of operation and ace accuracy of the	TA 2013	Spr 2010	TA 2010	Fall 201	TA 2017	3pi 2018	TA 2016	Spi 2013	TA 2013	эрг 2020	TA 2020	3pi 2021
	Identify the events n	oted in graphic monitoring of Dlume waveforms of ventilation				Fall 201 0								
	•	ttern from a given tracing and ons/treatment of each rhythm idelines				Fall 201 0								
	Perform defibrillatio 5 model	n and cardioversion in a lab				Fall 201 0								
		normally derived from the form produced by a pulmonary				Fall 201 0								
		delivery and uptake as mic system and data obtained artery				Fall 201 0								
RESP 222	entity, identifying pr respective patient ar	cial progression of a disease oblems specific to their and choose laboratory data to existence of their identified		Fall 200 9										
	findings, and current will gather the addit	gns, symptoms, radiological chest assessment, the student onal clinical information and garding the management of ents.		Fall 200 9										

COURSE #	SLO			. 2015			F. 2047		F. 2040					5 2024
COURSE #		Given a critically ill ventilator patient, the student will graph the admission pathophysiology, collect relevant clinical data, perform the appropriate calculations to assess the current extent of the patient's disease, to confirm or deny the existence of problems, to ascertain the appropriate patient management.	FA 2015	Fall 200 9	PA 2010	Spr 2017	PA 2017	3pt 2016	FA 2016	3h 2019	FA 2019	3pr 2020	PA 2020	Sβ1 2021
RESP 232	1	Diagram the sequential progression of a disease entity, identifying problems specific to their respective patient and choose laboratory data to confirm or deny the existence of their identified current problem.	ASP, AAR											
	2	Given the history, signs, symptoms, radiological findings, and current chest assessment, the student will gather the additional clinical information and suggest decisions regarding the management of their respective patients.	ASP, AAR											
	3	Given a critically ill ventilator patient, the student will graph the admission pathophysiology, collect relevant clinical data, perform the appropriate calculations to assess the current extent of the patient's disease, to confirm or deny the existence of problems, to ascertain the appropriate patient management.	ASP, AAR											
RESP 268	1	Given patient scenarios, the student will perform Pulmonary Function Testing and will develop a customized Home Care program for individual patient to enhance their "Quality of Life."					Spri ng '11							

COURSE #	SLO		FA 2015	Spr 2016	FA 2016	Spr 2017	FA 2017	Spr 2018	FA 2018	Spr 2019	FA 2019	Spr 2020	FA 2020	Spr 2021
	2	specific obstructive disease and determine the appropriate home oxygen therapy modality, home sterilization technique and home life support system.					Spri ng '11							
													Spri ng '14	
RESP 298	1	Students will be able to describe, distinguish and apply components of the discipline within a specialized topic of the discipline.											Spri ng '14	
RESP 299	1	299A: Students will be able to define and analyze components of the discipline within a specialized topic of the discipline.												Fall 201 4
	2	299B: Students will be able to define, analyze, and synthesize components of the discipline within a specialized topic of the discipline.												Fall 201 4